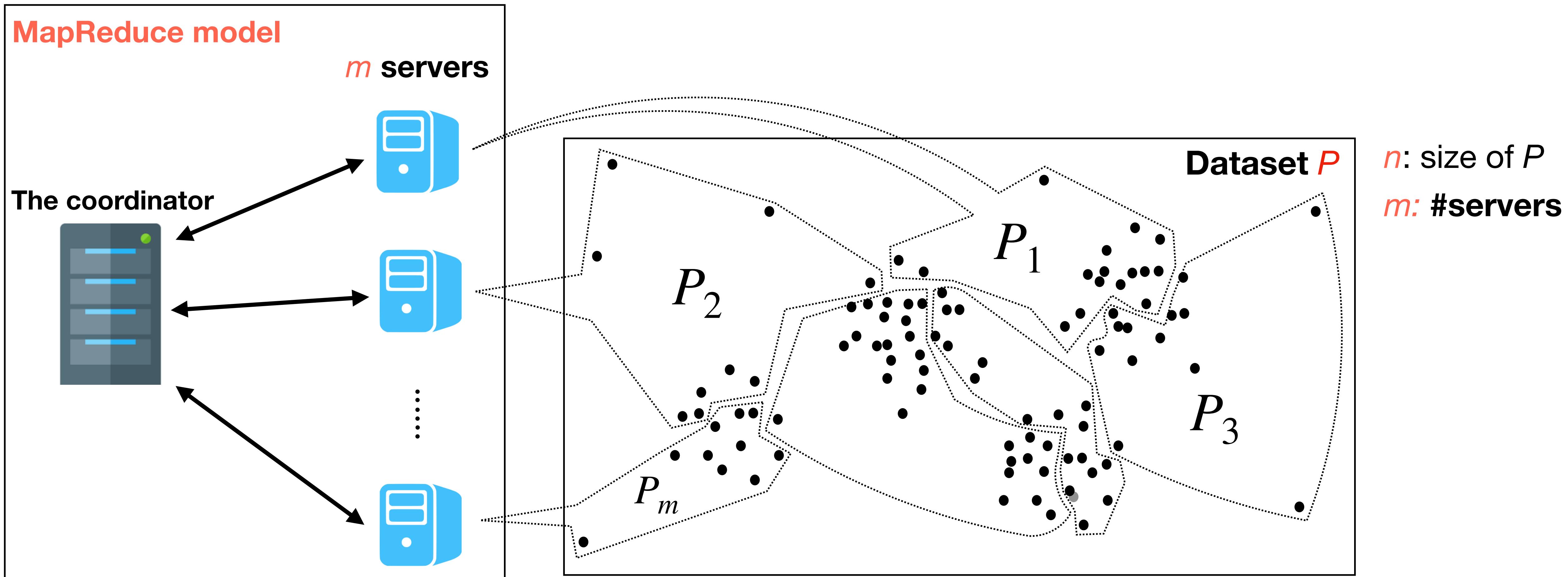


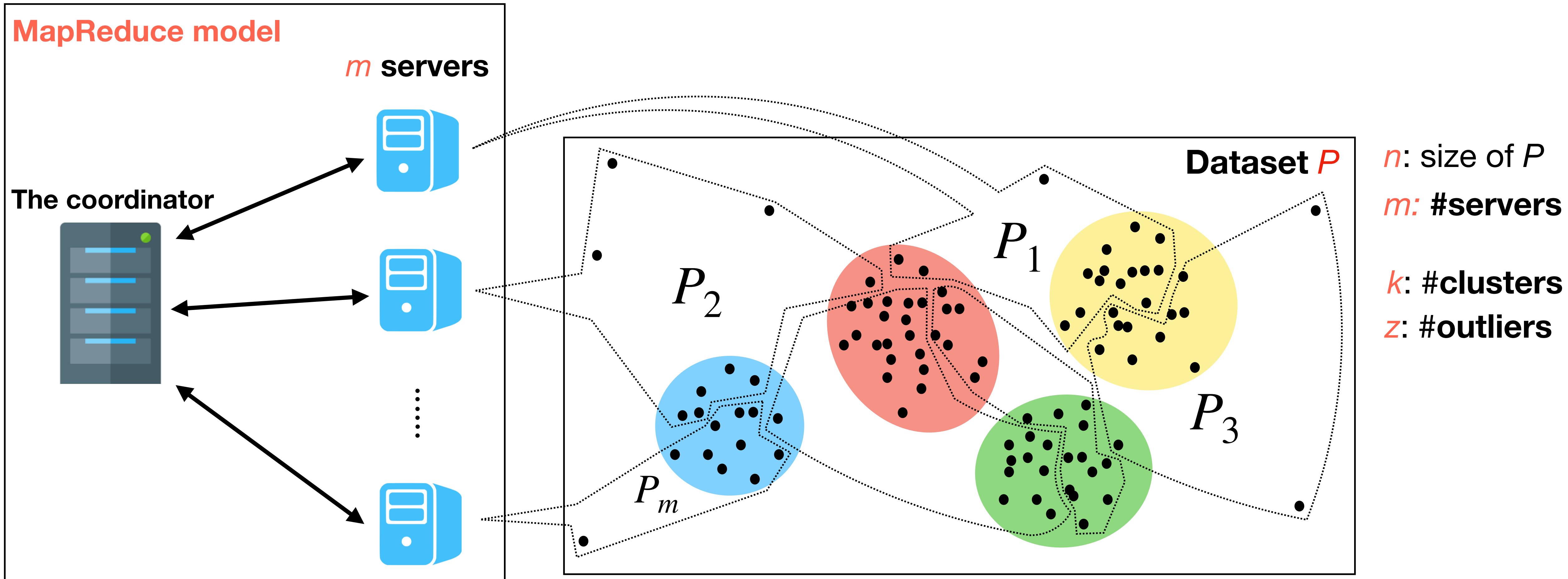
Distributed k -Clustering with Heavy Noise (NeurIPS'18)

Xiangyu Guo and **Shi Li**
State University of New York at Buffalo

Distributed (k,z) -clustering



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Task: discarding z outliers & clustering non-outliers in to k clusters

Major concerns

Clustering quality

$O(1)$ -approximation: $\text{objective} \leq O(1) \cdot \text{OPT}$

Communication cost

Focus on the case when data is heavily noisy: $z \gg k, m$

**Can we achieve $O(1)$ -approx with
communication cost $\ll \Theta(z)$?**

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Theorem: Any $O(1)$ -approx algorithm needs
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Yes! 

If allow removing slightly **more** than z outliers

Distributed (k,z) -center

	approx. ratio	comm. cost
[MKCWM15]	$(O(1), 1)$	$O(m(k + z))$
[GLZ17]	$(O(1), 2 + \epsilon)$	$\tilde{O}(m(1/\epsilon + k))$
Ours	$(O(1), 1 + \epsilon)$	$\tilde{O}(mk/\epsilon)$

objective $\leq O(1) \cdot \text{OPT}$

#outliers $\leq (1 + \epsilon)z$

The diagram features a horizontal line separating the table from the annotations. Two red arrows originate from the '(O(1), 1 + epsilon)' entry in the 'Ours' row and point downwards towards the 'objective' and '#outliers' text.

(k,z) -median/means

	problem	approx. ratio	comm. cost
[GLZ17]	(k,z) -median	$(O(1), 2 + \epsilon)$	$\tilde{O}(m/\epsilon + mk)$
	(k,z) -means	$(O(1), 2 + \epsilon)$	$(O(1), 2 + \epsilon)$
[CAZ18]	(k,z) -median/means	$(O(1), 1)$	$O(k \log n + z)$
Ours	(k,z) -median	$(1 + \epsilon, 1 + \epsilon)$	$\tilde{O}(k\epsilon^{-3} + m k \epsilon^{-1})$
	(k,z) -means	$(1 + \epsilon, 1 + \epsilon)$	$\tilde{O}(k\epsilon^{-5} + m k \epsilon^{-1})$

(Note: To achieve $(1 + \epsilon)$ -approx in the objective, we need exponential (in m, k, ϵ^{-1}) running time)

Thank you!