

AutoDistil: Neural Architecture Search for Distilling Large Language Models

<https://aka.ms/autodistil>

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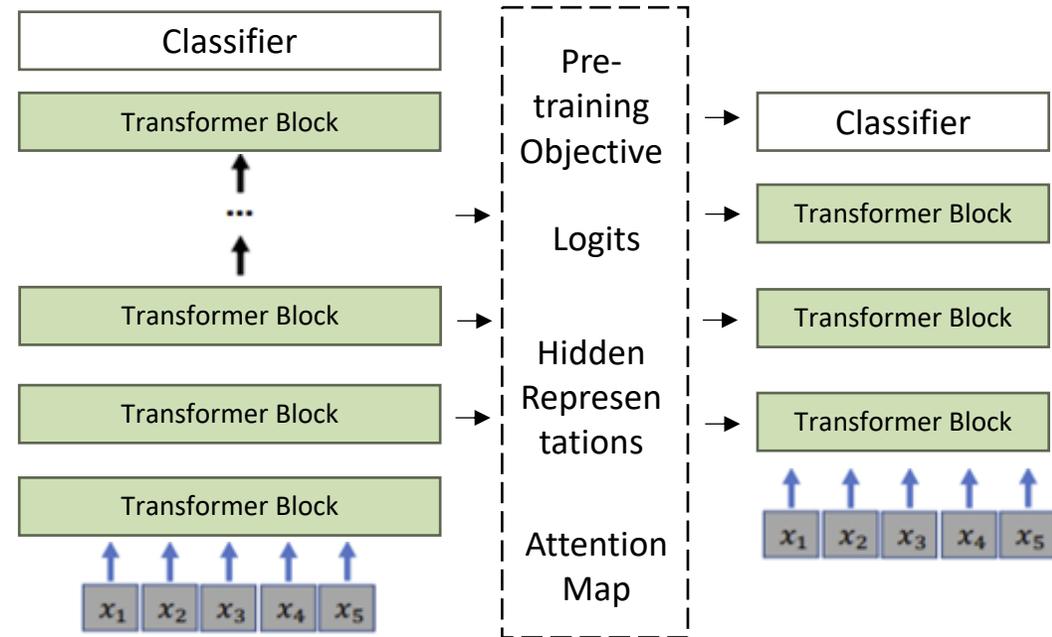


Knowledge Distillation of BERT

Use the large over-parameterized model to distil a small model

Multi-Objective Knowledge Distillation:

- Teacher Logits
- Multi-layer hidden state transfer
- Attention Map Transfer



[XtremeDistil: Multi-stage Distillation](#). ACL 2020. Mukherjee and Awadallah <https://aka.ms/xtremedistil>

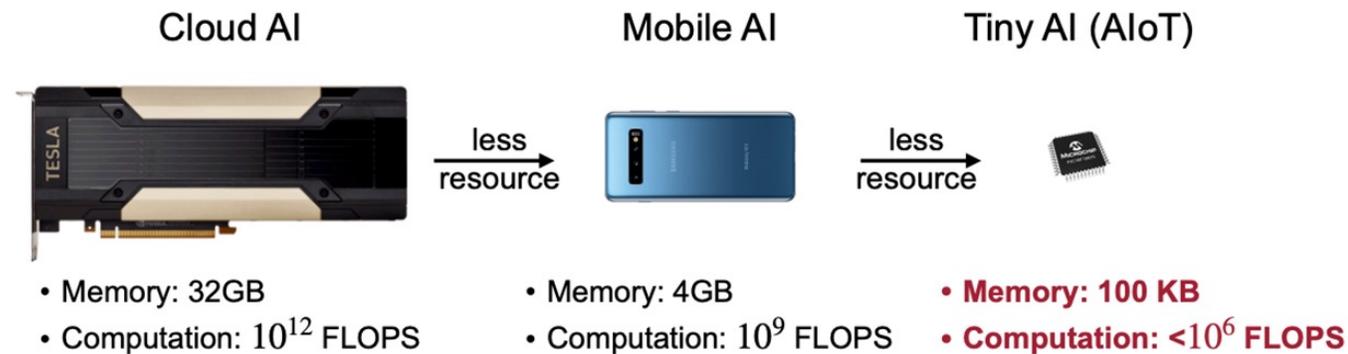
[TransferDistil: Task Transfer for Task-agnostic Distillation](#). Mukherjee et al., 2021

[MiniLM: Deep Self-Attention Distillation for Task-Agnostic Compression of Pre-Trained Transformers](#). NeurIPS 2020. Wang et al.



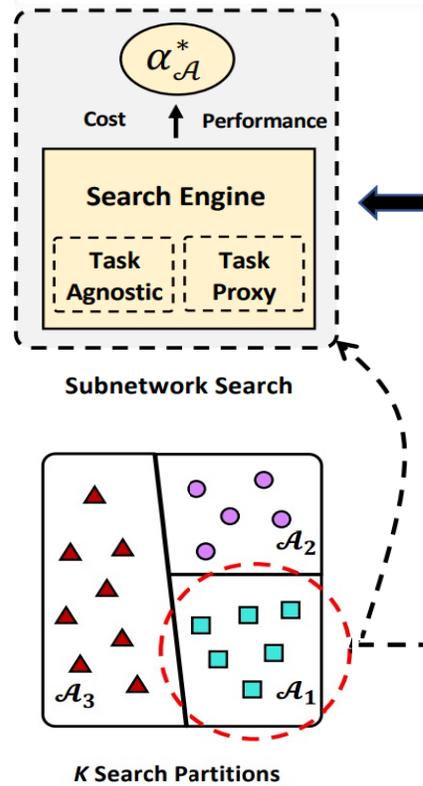
What are the challenges?

- Small model architectures are hand-designed
 - Requires several trials
 - Relies on pre-specified compression rates
 - Re-running distillation with computational budget change
- More, one size does not fit all



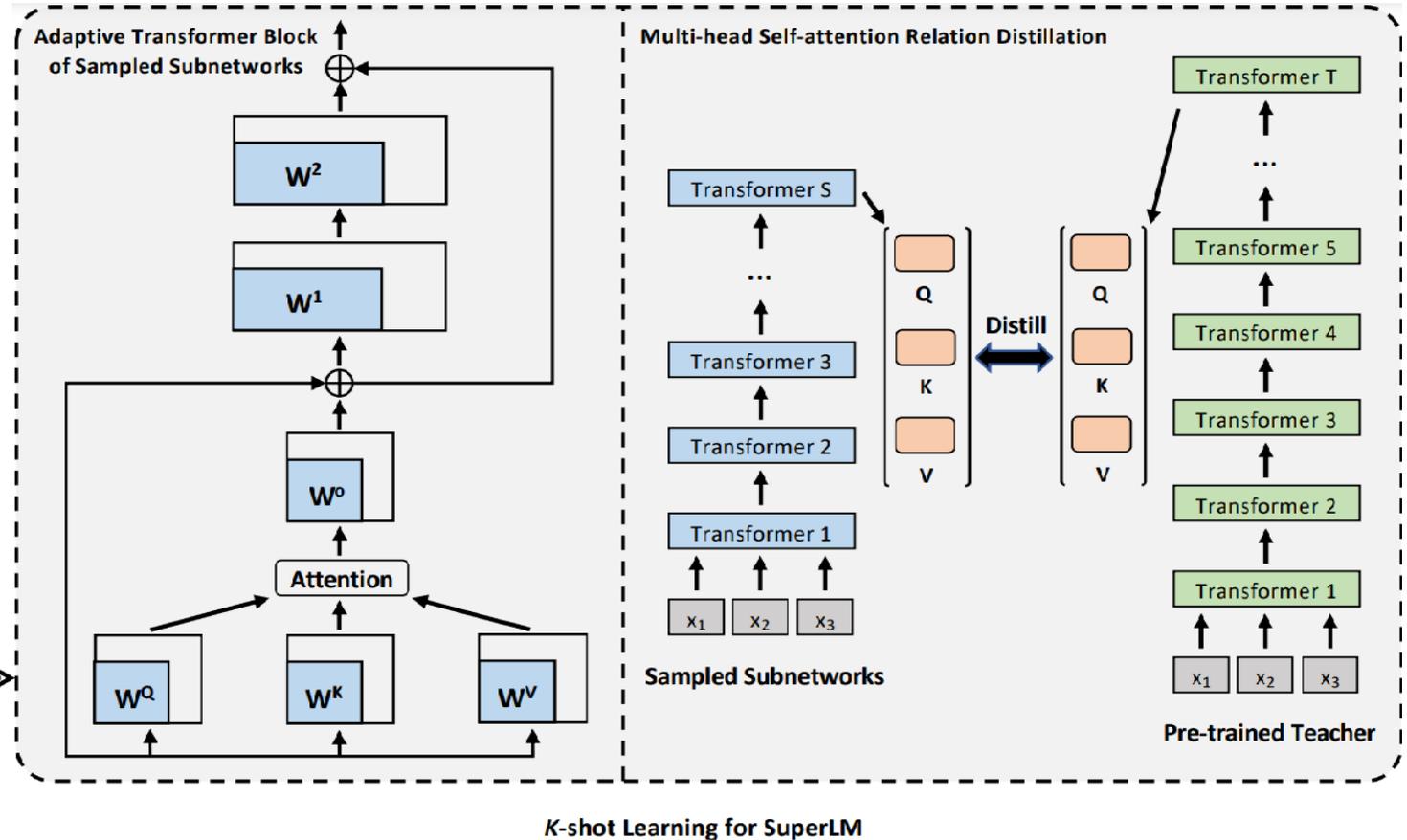
AutoDistil with Neural Architecture Search

(4) Optimal compressed student search



(1) K-shot search space design

(3) Self-attention relation distillation



(2) Task-agnostic super language model training



Search Space Design

- Searchable transformer components
- Inductive bias
- Search space partition

Three sub-spaces

Components

Cover different ranges of #FLOPs & #Para

	SuperLM _{Tiny}	SuperLM _{Small}	SuperLM _{Base}	BERT
#Subnets	256	256	256	N/A
#Layers	(4, 7, 1)	(9, 12, 1)	(9, 12, 1)	12
#Hid_dim	(128, 224, 32)	(256, 352, 32)	(544, 640, 32)	768
MLP Ratio	(2.0, 3.5, 0.5)	(2.5, 4.0, 0.5)	(2.5, 4.0, 0.5)	4.0
#Heads	(7, 10, 1)	(7, 10, 1)	(9, 12, 1)	12
#FLOPs	40-367M	0.5-2.1G	2.1-7.9G	11.2G
#Params	4-10M	12-28M	39-79M	109M

Each tuple represents the lowest value, highest value, and steps for component



AutoDistil vs. Manually Designed Distilled Models

Model (Metric)	#FLOPs (G)	#Para (M)	MNLI-m (Acc)	QNLI (Acc)	QQP (Acc)	SST-2 (Acc)	CoLA (Mcc)	MRPC (Acc)	RTE (Acc)	Average
BERT _{BASE} Devlin et al. [2019] (teacher)	11.2	109	84.5	91.7	91.3	93.2	58.9	87.3	68.6	82.2
BERT _{SMALL} Turc et al. [2019]	5.66	66.5	81.8	89.8	90.6	91.2	53.5	84.9	67.9	80.0
Truncated BERT Williams et al. [2018]	5.66	66.5	81.2	87.9	90.4	90.8	41.4	82.7	65.5	77.1
DistilBERTSanh et al. [2019]	5.66	66.5	82.2	89.2	88.5	91.3	51.3	87.5	59.9	78.6
TinyBERT Jiao et al. [2020]	5.66	66.5	83.5	90.5	90.6	91.6	42.8	88.4	72.2	79.9
MINILM Williams et al. [2018]	5.66	66.5	84.0	91.0	91.0	92.0	49.2	88.4	71.5	81.0
AutoDistil _{Agnostic}	2.13	26.8	82.8	89.9	90.8	90.6	47.1	87.3	69.0	79.6
AutoDistil _{Proxy_B}	4.40	50.1	83.8	90.8	91.1	91.1	55.0	88.8	71.9	81.7
AutoDistil _{Proxy_S}	2.02	26.1	83.2	90.0	90.6	90.1	48.3	88.3	69.4	79.9
AutoDistil _{Proxy_T}	0.27	6.88	79.0	86.4	89.1	85.9	24.8	78.5	64.3	72.6

Model	#Layers	#Hid	Ratio	#Heads	#FLOPs	#Para
BERT _{BASE}	12	768	4	12	11.2G	109M
MINILM	6	768	4	6	5.66G	66.5M
AutoDis. _{Agnostic}	11	352	4	10	2.13G	26.8M
AutoDis. _{Proxy_B}	12	544	3	9	4.40G	50.1M
AutoDis. _{Proxy_S}	11	352	4	8	2.02G	26.1M
AutoDis. _{Proxy_T}	7	160	3.5	10	0.27G	6.88M

AutoDistil Optimal Architectures



AutoDistil Variable Compression

- AutoDistil generates multiple students with variable computational cost
- Given any SOTA compressed model, AutoDistil finds students with better trade-off (FLOPs vs. Accuracy)

