



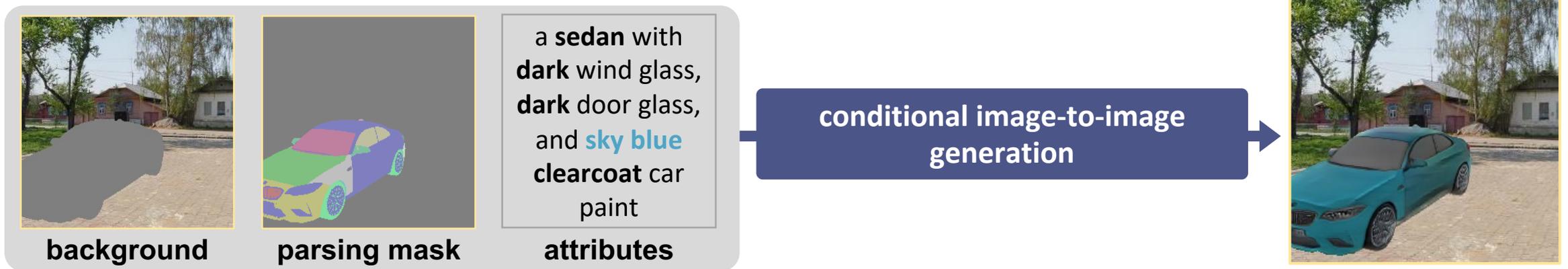
# **LuminAIRe: Illumination-Aware Conditional Image Repainting for Lighting-Realistic Generation**

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# Problem

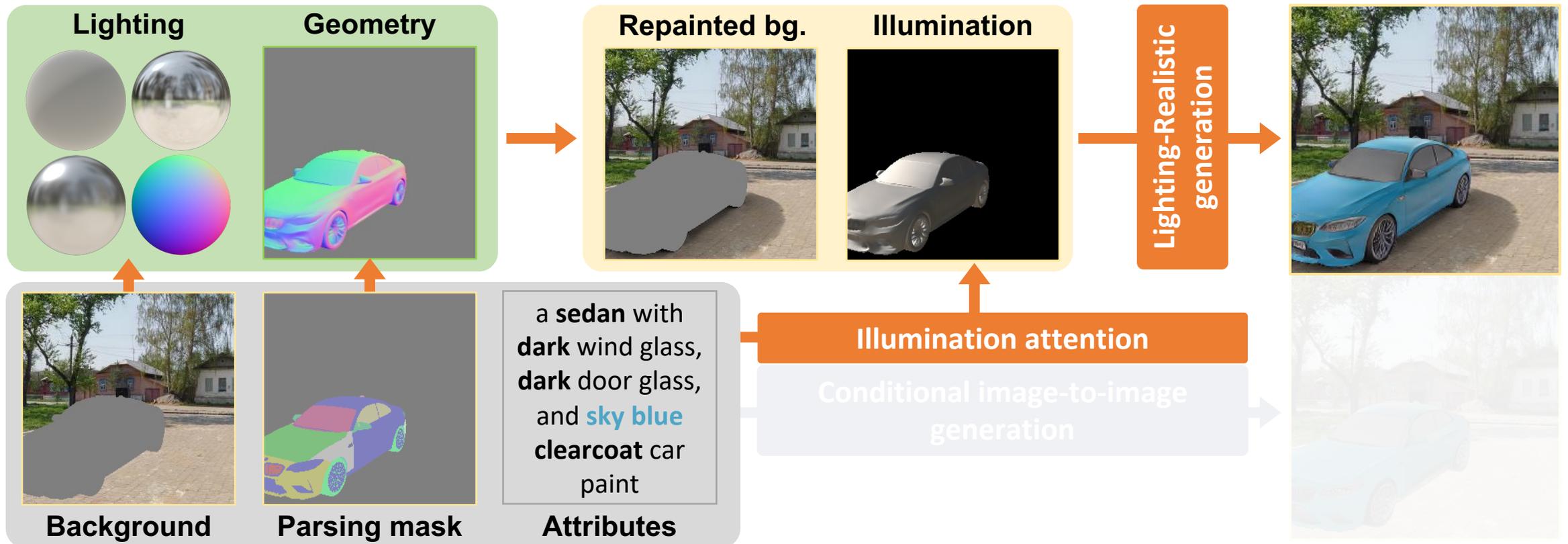
- Conditional image repainting (CIR) for image editing
  - generate foreground region according to user-given conditions
  - background, semantic mask, color, texture ...



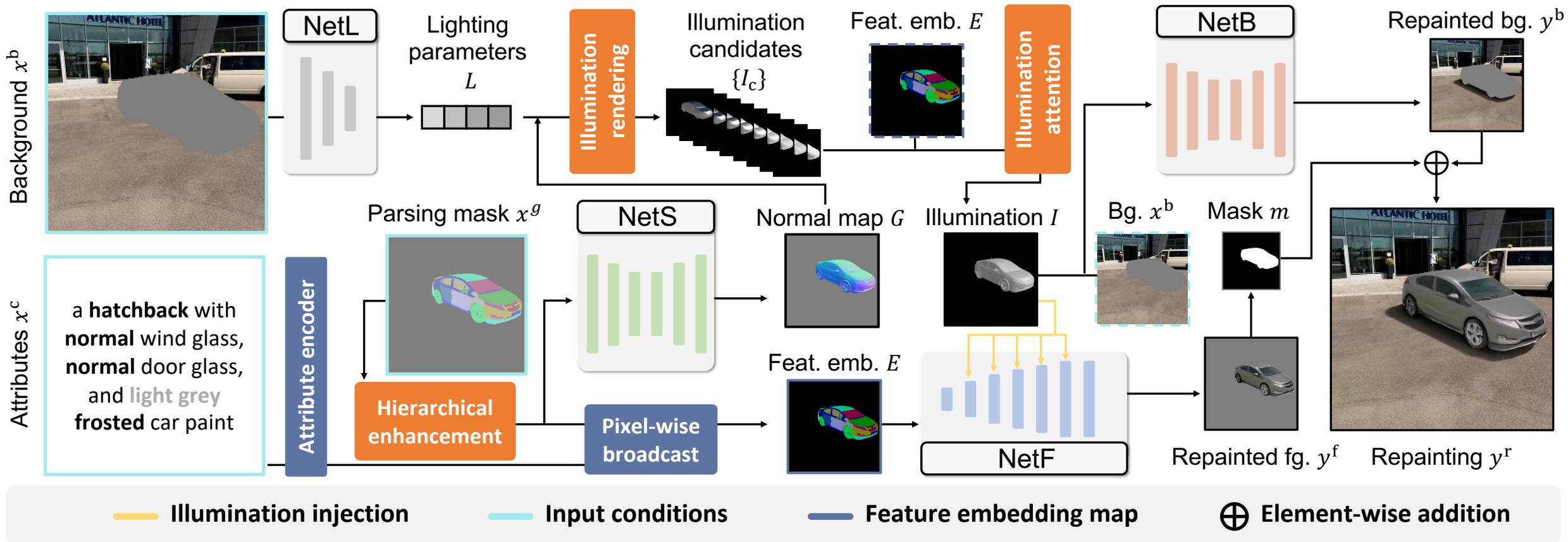
**Mismatched lighting effects bring unrealistic and unharmonized perception**

# Problem

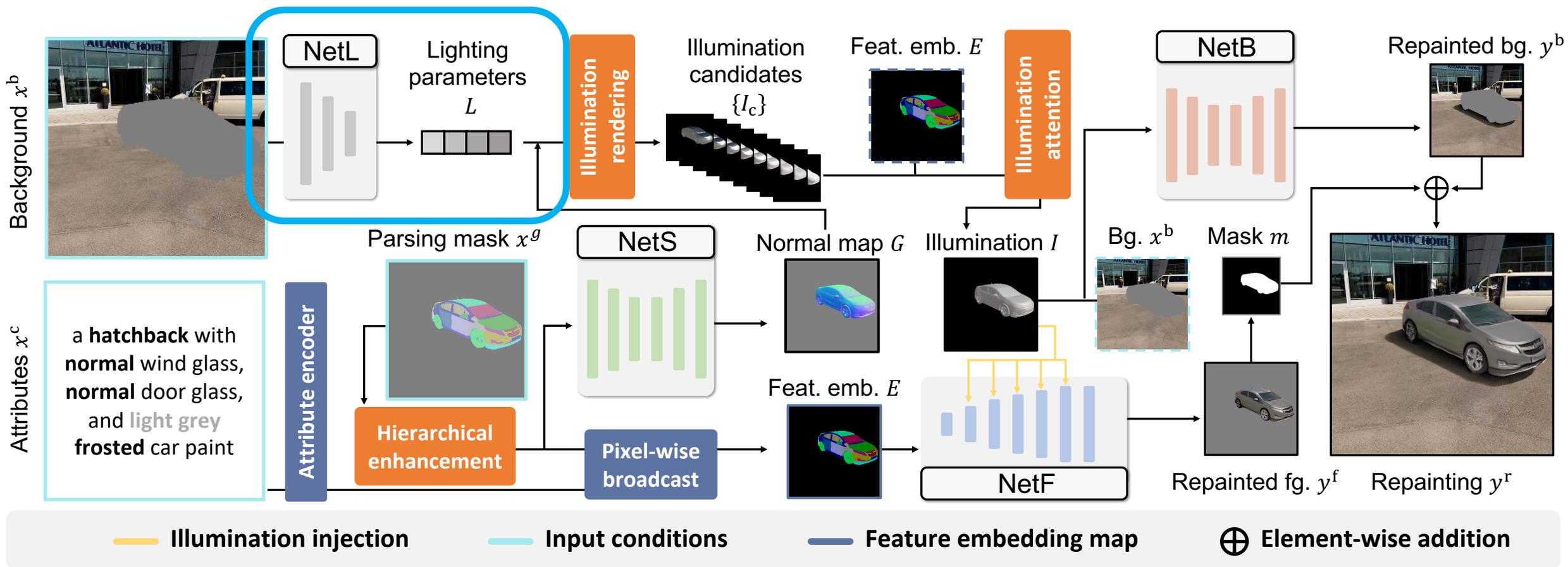
- **Illumination-aware conditional image repainting (LuminAIRe)**
  - user-given conditions contain **lighting** and **geometry** clues



# Pipeline

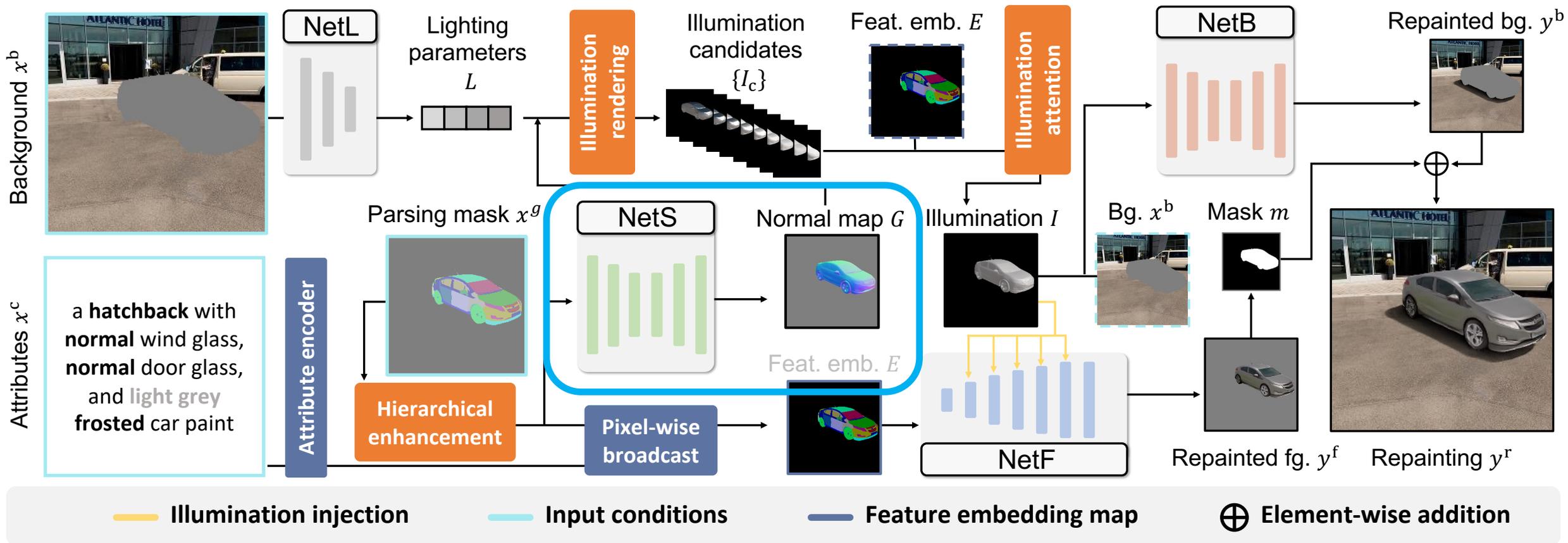


# Pipeline



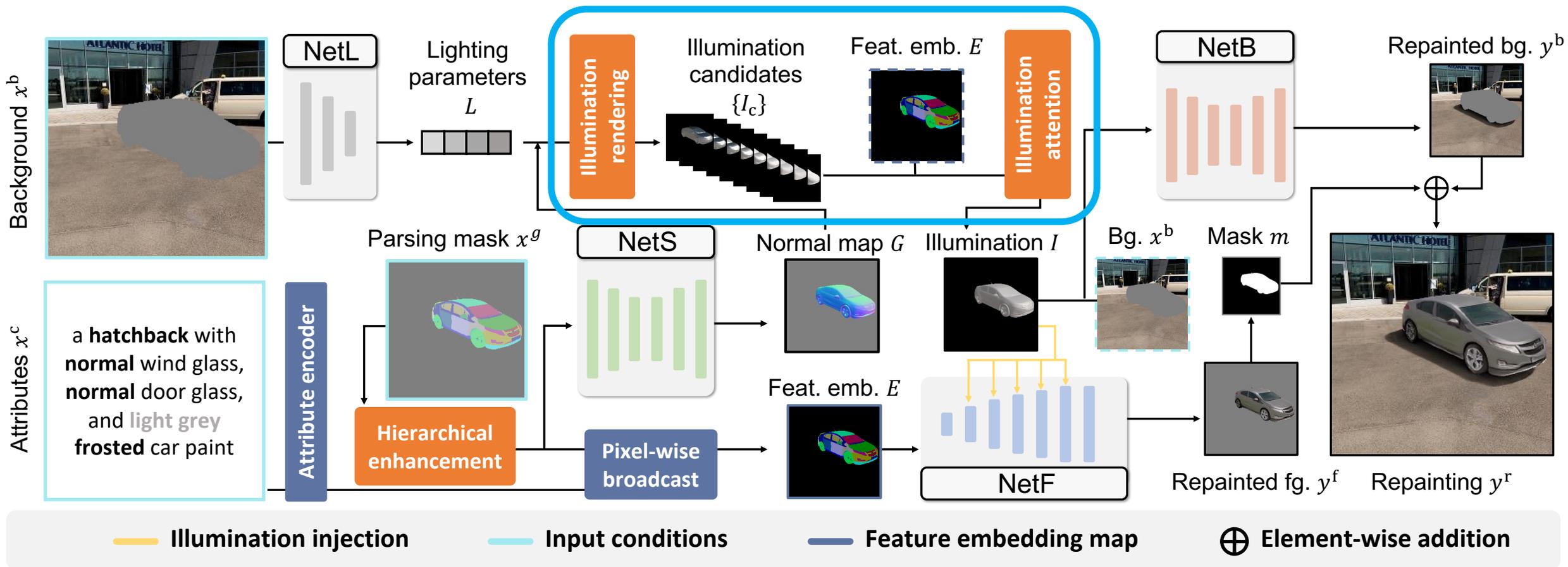
Estimate scene lighting information from the background image region

# Pipeline



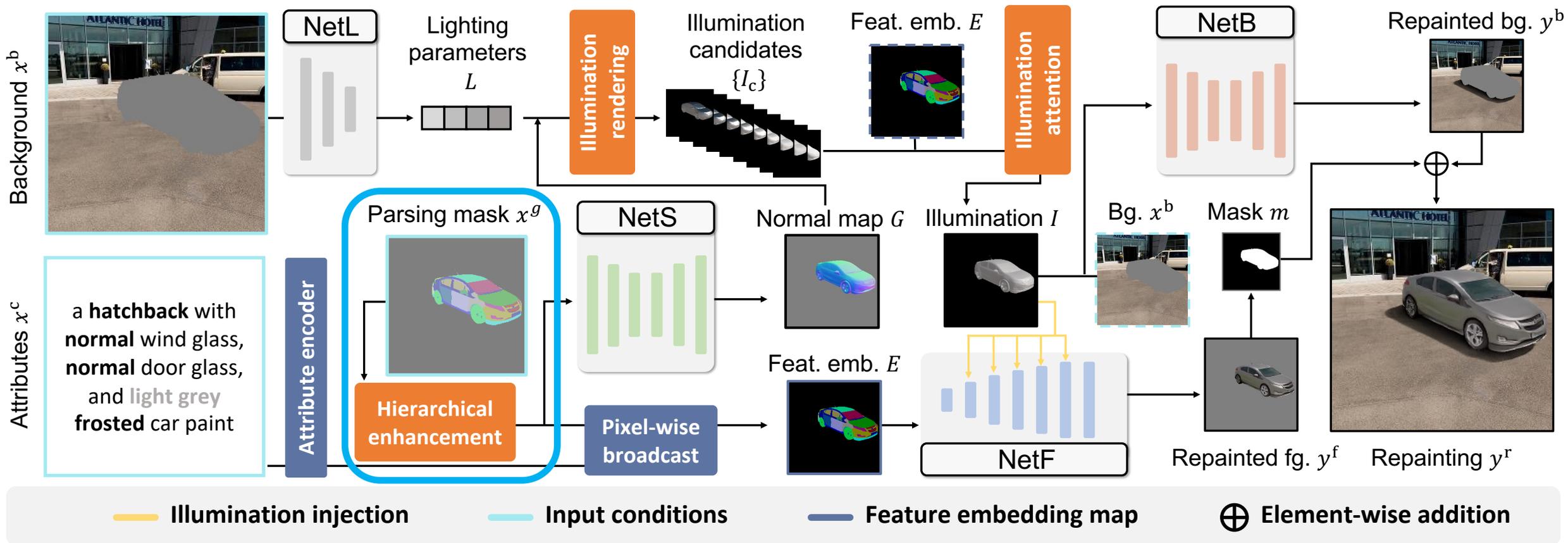
Estimate geometry information from the semantic parsing mask

# Pipeline



Illumination images as the representation of lighting conditions for injection

# Pipeline



Hierarchical semantic labeling enhancement during training

# Lighting representation

- For outdoor scenes, we assume spatially uniform global lighting
  - sky light: ambient low-frequency spherical harmonics (SH) lighting
  - sun light: directional lighting

$$L = \{z_{\text{vis}}, z_{\text{int}}, z_{\text{ang}}, c_{\text{sun}}, l_{\text{sun}}, \sigma_{\text{SH}}\}$$

$z_{\text{vis}} \in \{0,1\}$ : sun visibility

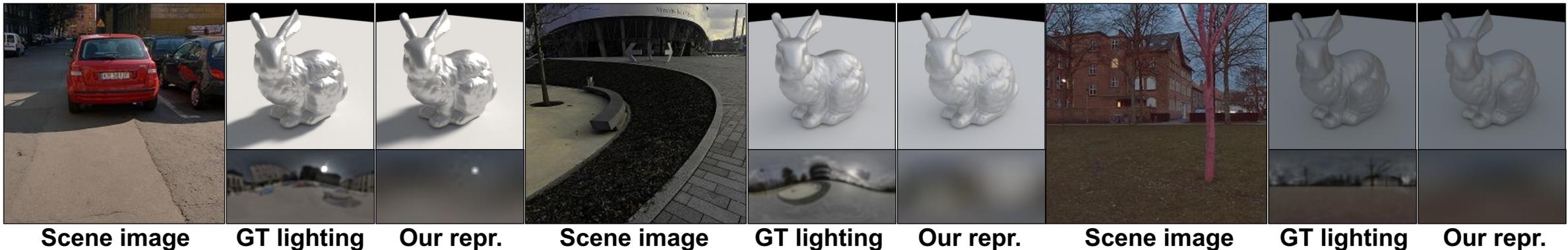
$z_{\text{ang}}$ : solid angle of sun

$l_{\text{sun}} \in \mathbb{R}^2$ : sun direction

$z_{\text{int}}$ : sun intensity

$c_{\text{sun}} \in \mathbb{R}^3$ : normalized sun RGB

$\sigma_{\text{SH}} \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 9}$ : SH coefficients



# Lighting injection

- Using the rendering equation to bridge **3D scene information** and **2D image conditions**

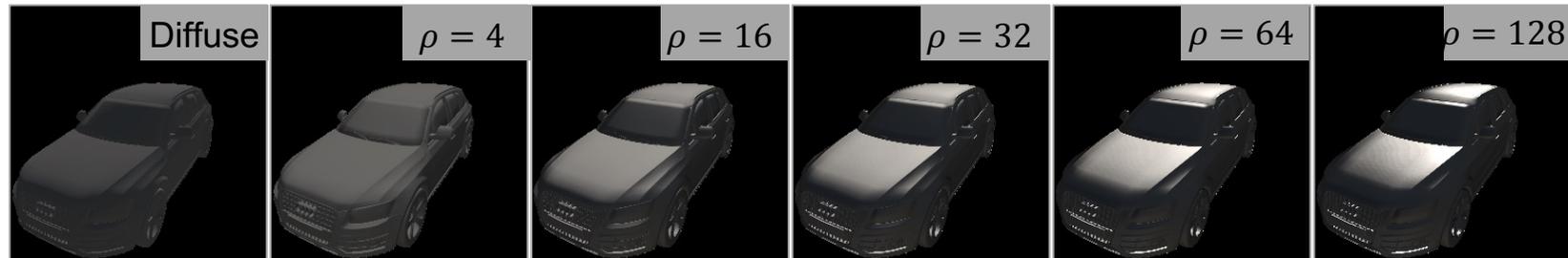
$$\underbrace{L_o(\omega_r)}_{\text{appearance}} = \int_{\Omega_n} \underbrace{L_i(\omega_i)}_{\text{lighting}} \underbrace{f_r(\omega_i, \omega_r)}_{\text{reflectance}} \underbrace{(\mathbf{n} \cdot \omega_i)}_{\text{geometry}} d\omega_i$$

- Using Lambertian and Blinn-Phong reflectance models with different roughness  $\rho$  to pre-compute illumination candidate images

$$f_{\text{diff}}(\omega_i, \omega_r) = \frac{1}{\pi}, \quad f_{\text{spec}}(\omega_i, \omega_r) = \frac{(\rho + 4)(\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{h})^\rho}{8\pi}, \quad \mathbf{h} = \frac{\omega_i + \omega_r}{\|\omega_i + \omega_r\|}$$



Appearance variants



Illumination candidate images

# Lighting injection

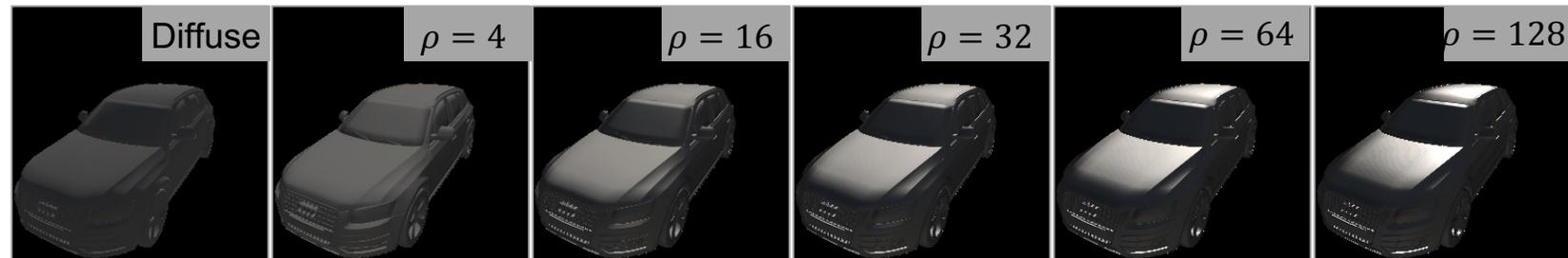
- Illumination candidate images  $\{I_c\} = \{I_{\text{diff}}\} \cup \{I_{\text{spec}}^{\rho_i}\}_{i=1}^M$  can cover most lighting effects of appearance variants through linear combinations
- The coefficients are calculated from the illumination attention module  $A^I$ :

$$C_I = A^I(E), \quad I = \sum_{i=1}^{M+1} C_I^i \odot I_c^i$$

$E$ : pixel-aligned feature embedding map of semantic labeling and attributes



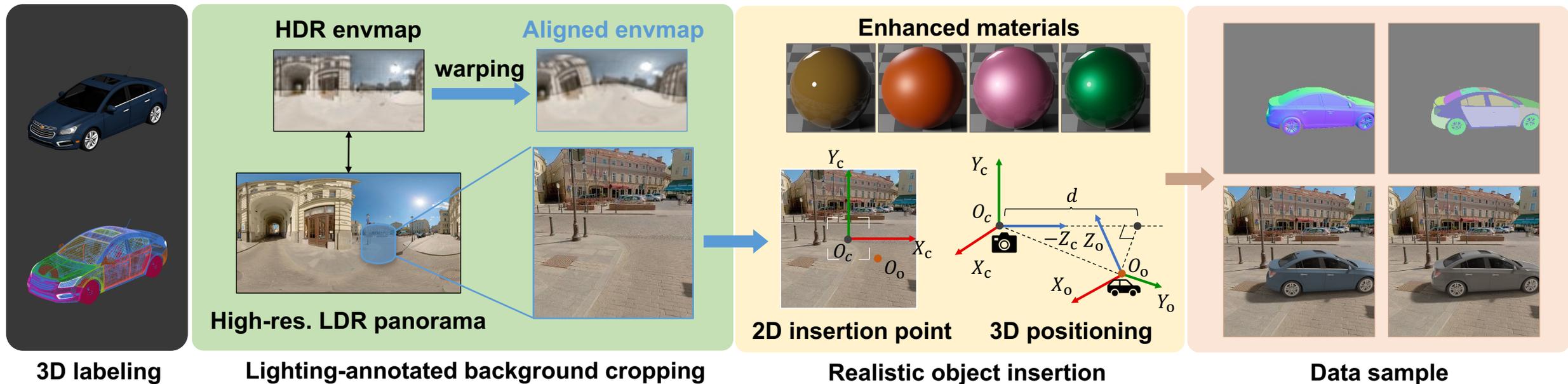
Appearance variants



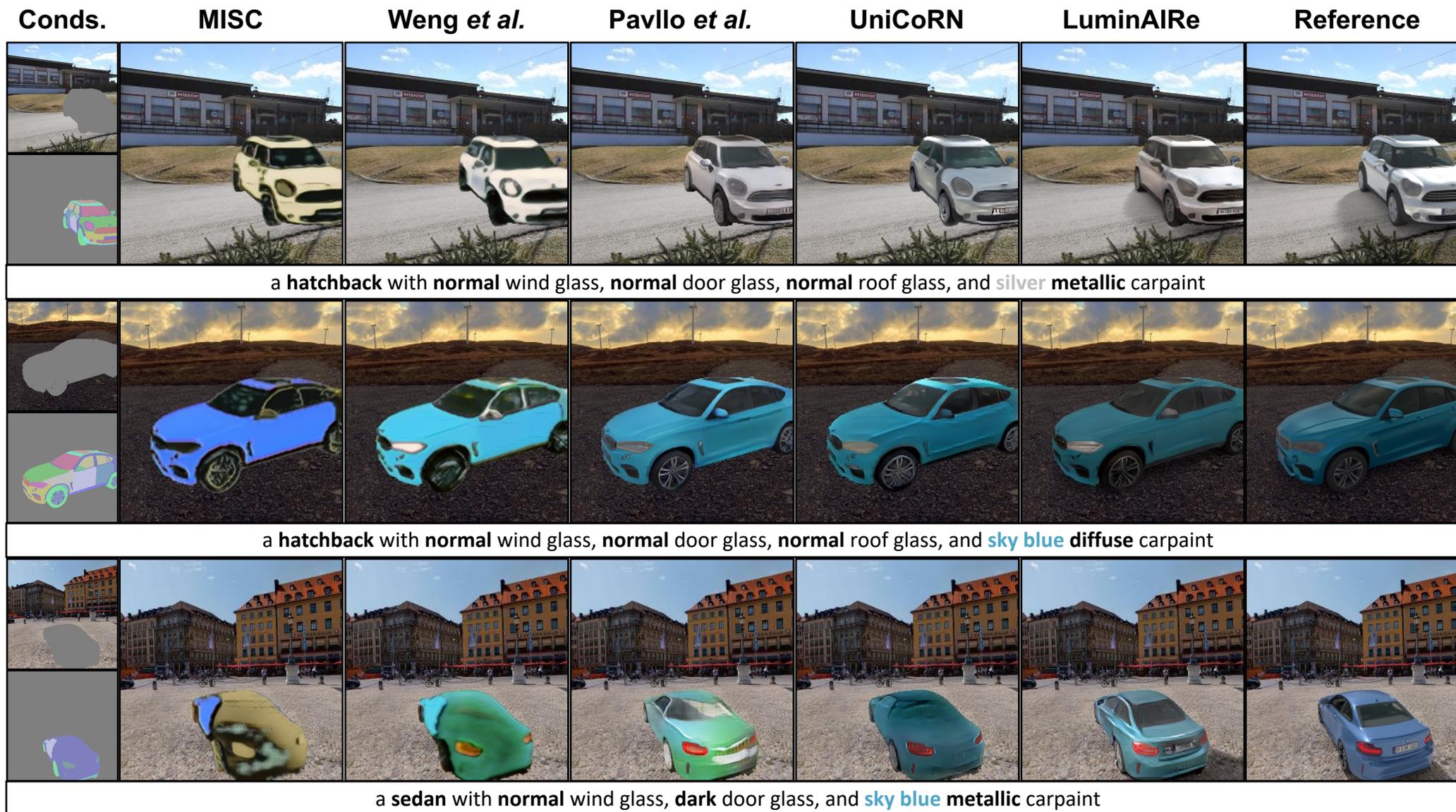
Illumination candidate images

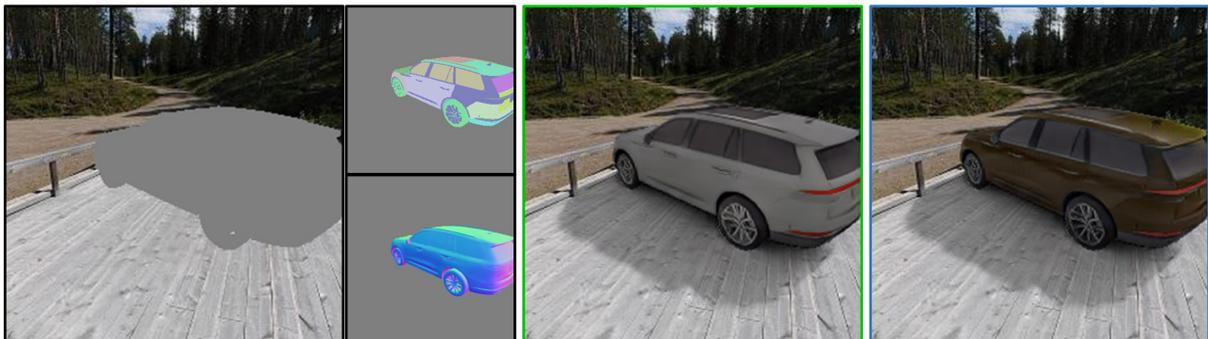
# Synthetic dataset collection

- **Car-LuminAIRe** dataset



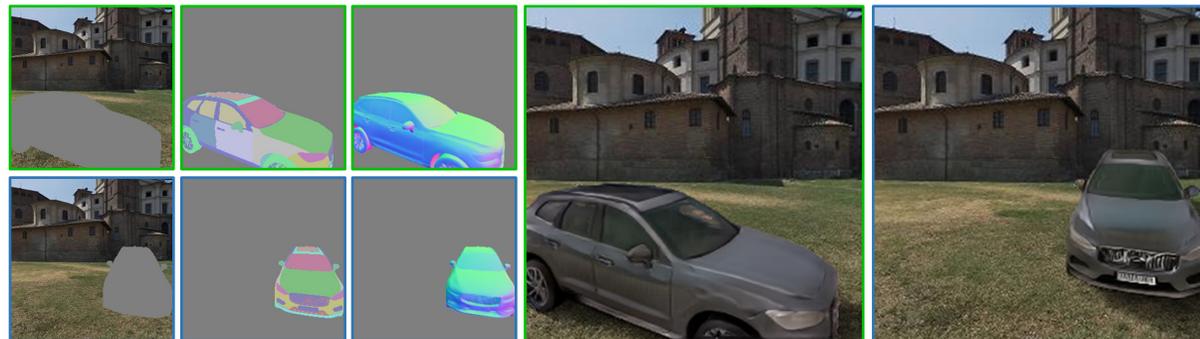
# Results





a CUV with **normal** wind glass, **dark** door glass, **dark** roof glass, and **light grey diffuse** / **brown** clearcoat car paint

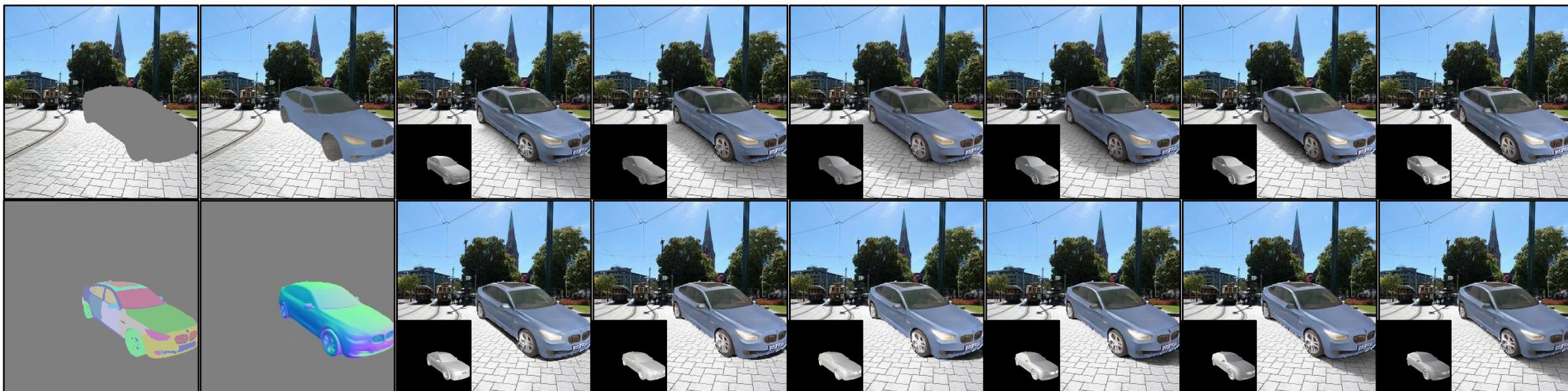
### Material editing test



a CUV with **light** wind glass, **light** door glass, **light** roof glass, and **grey metallic** car paint

### Lighting consistency test

Conditions    No illu./Normal    0°/+180°    +30°/+210°    +60°/+240°    +90°/+270°    +120°/+300°    +150°/+330°



a liftback with **normal** wind glass, **normal** door glass, **normal** roof glass, and **blue grey metallic** car paint

### Lighting rotation test

Parsing mask

Normal map

Illumination

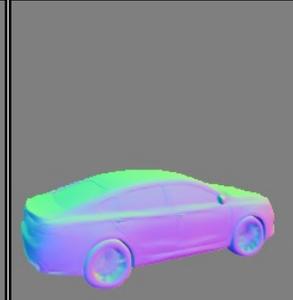
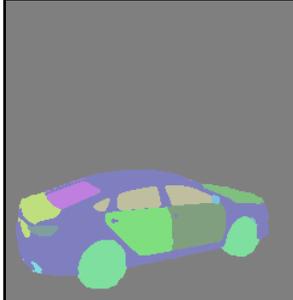
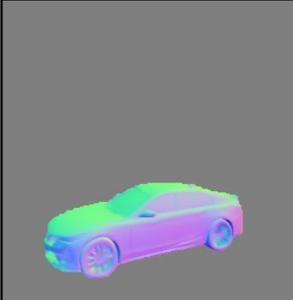
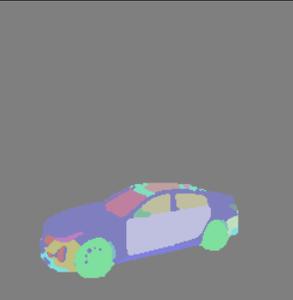
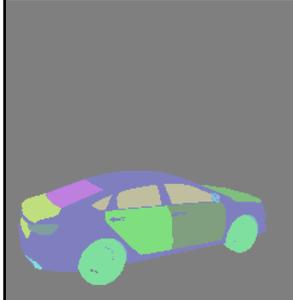
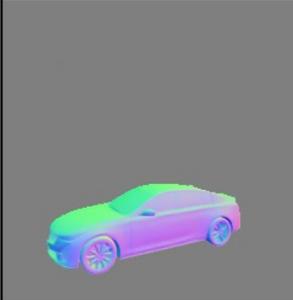
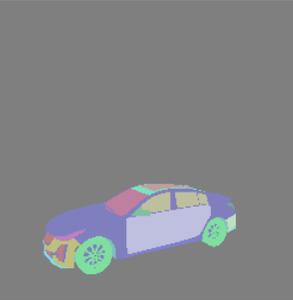
Repainting

Parsing mask

Normal map

Illumination

Repainting



a liftback with light wind glass, light door glass, dark roof glass, and light green clearcoat carpaint

a liftback with light wind glass, light door glass, light roof glass, and night blue clearcoat carpaint

### Parsing mask disturbing test

# Summary

- Novel task of illumination-aware CIR (**LuminAIRe**)
- Pipeline for lighting information injection in the repaintings
- Synthetic dataset collection for LuminAIRe
- Validation of the effectiveness of our proposed method



**See you at the poster session!**

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Great Hall & Hall B1+B2 #208

Tue 12 Dec 5:15 p.m. CST — 7:15 p.m. CST