

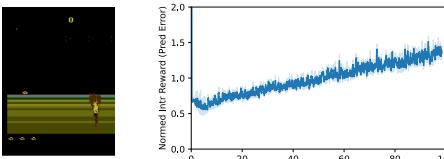
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## ☐ Catastrophic Forgetting is not only issue in Continual Learning

- Intrinsic Reward of Same Observation

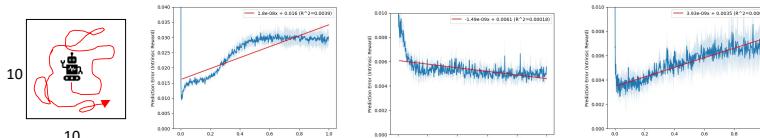


- Key Assumption of Prediction-Based Intrinsic Reward Function

$$r_{t_1}^i(s) \leq r_{t_2}^i(s) \iff t_1 > t_2$$

Monotonically decreasing function

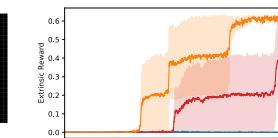
- Distribution Shift Occurs as the Agent Explore More Space



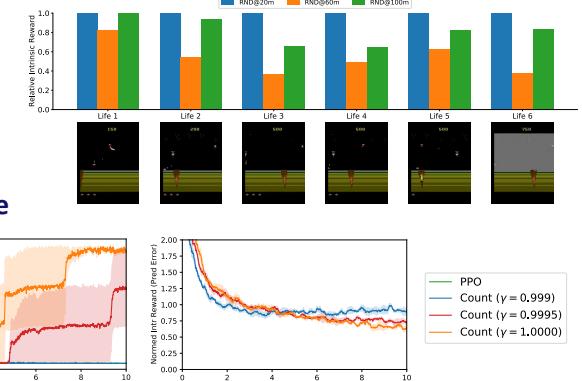
- Catastrophic Forgetting Deteriorates Performance

$$N_{\text{visit}}(o) \leftarrow \gamma \cdot N_{\text{visit}}(o) + b$$

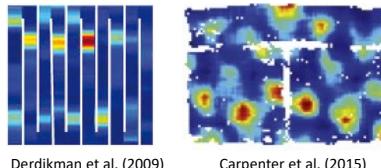
$$r_i = 1/\sqrt{N_{\text{visit}}(o)}$$



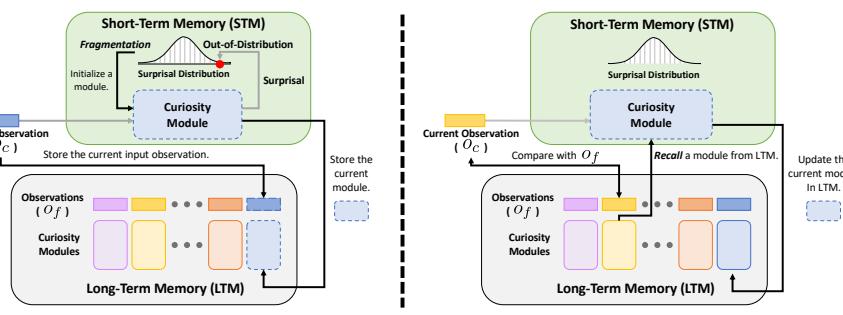
- Intrinsic Reward before Dying during Training



## ☐ Fragmentation and Recall in Curiosity-Driven RL (FARCuriosity)



- Grid cell in entorhinal cortex divides an environment into multiple fragments.



- STM holds current curiosity module (e.g., RND)

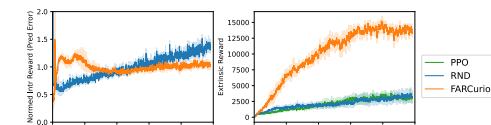
- LTM stores curiosity modules and observations on fracture points.

### Fragmentation

- The prediction error in curiosity module is used for the surprisal.
- Surprisal > Out-of-Distribution of running statistics.
- Store the current observation and the curiosity module in LTM.
- Initialize a new curiosity module.

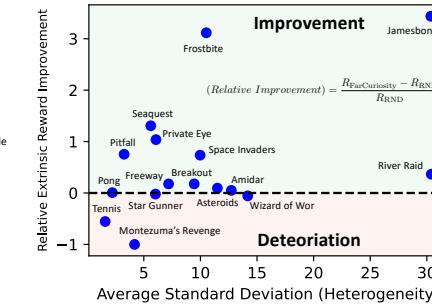
### Recall

- Cosine similarity between the current observation and fracture point's observation is high, store the current module and recall the corresponding one.



### Normalized Intrinsic Reward of First Frame in Jamesbond

## ☐ Comparison with RND (Burda et al., 2019)



### Relative Improvement

$$\frac{R_{\text{FarCuriosity}} - R_{\text{RND}}}{R_{\text{RND}}}$$

$R_*$ : extrinsic reward

### Heterogeneity

Average standard deviation of each pixel in generated videos from trained RND.

## ☐ No Global Trend between $N(\text{fragments})$ and the Performance

